SCIENCE - YEAR 10 CURRICULUM OVERVIEW 2020 / 2021

| TOPIC TITLE | TOPIC OVERVIEW | KNOWLEDGE & SKILLS | ASSESSMENT | WIDER LINKS |
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| Year 10 - Term 1 P1 Conservation and dissipation of energy | Conservation and dissipation of energy In this physics topic students will explore concepts relating to energy and work.: • What are energy stores and how is it conserved? • How does energy move between stores? • How do we define efficiency? • How are energy and power linked? | Conservation and dissipation of energy Understand that there are different energy stores but that energy must be conserved. Apply the equation for calculating the efficiency of appliances and other electrical items. Link the power of an appliance with the energy transferred. | Conservation and dissipation of energy Homework is set weekly and is based around exam questions. End of topic Kerboodle Checkpoint Assessment quizzes or written assessment. | Conservation and dissipation of energy KS3 Literacy: Extended answer practise. Numeracy: Calculating efficiency. Calculating power. Key links to other units: Year 8 - Energy. Year 9 - Energy resources. |
| P4 Electrical Circuits | Electrical Circuits In this physics topic students will explore: • What is resistance in a circuit? • What are the characteristics of different components? • How can the way we build circuits affect the resistance? | Electrical Circuits Review of basic electronic component symbols. Applying equations to calculate charge flow. Investigating the resistance characteristics of different components. Investigating how the length of a wire affects its resistance. Explaining the use of LDRs and thermistors Review series and parallel circuits Investigate resistance in series and parallel circuits. | Electrical Circuits Homework is set weekly and is based around exam questions. End of topic Kerboodle Checkpoint Assessment quizzes or written assessment. | Electrical Circuits Literacy: Extended answer practise. Numeracy: Calculating current charge and potential difference. Key links to other units: Year 8 - Electricity and magnetism. Year 9 - Electricity in the home. |

| B5 Communicable Diseases | Communicable Diseases In this biology topic students explore ideas related to health and a healthy lifestyle. • What are pathogens? • How can we prevent infections? • How do humans and plants respond to infections? | Key skills Building series and parallel circuits Measuring current and potential difference Communicable Diseases Link the causes of ill health to risk factors and lifestyle Explain how different diseases often interact Describe how different pathogens are spread Disease spread can be controlled through hygiene and vaccination Plants and animals can suffer from diseases caused by bacteria, fungi, viruses and protists Humans and plants can protect themselves against certain diseases Key skills Use aseptic technique to grow pathogens in the lab (triple science only) and investigate how disinfectants and/or antibiotics can affect growth | Communicable Diseases Homework is set weekly and is based around exam questions. End of topic Kerboodle Checkpoint Assessment quizzes or written assessment. | Literacy: Extended answer practise. Numeracy: Interpreting graphical evidence. Key links to other units: Year 7 – Cells. Year 8 – Healthy Living. Year 8 – Human organ systems. Year 10 – Preventing and treating disease. |
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| B6 Preventing and Treating Disease | Preventing and Treating Disease In this biology topic students learn about ways in which we can treat diseases and symptoms of diseases How do vaccinations work? | Preventing and Treating Disease Explain how vaccinations work Know the difference between antibiotics and painkillers Understand the stages of the drug discovery and development process including pre-clinical and clinical trials Describe how monoclonal antibodies are made and their potential uses for disease treatment (triple science). | Preventing and Treating Disease Homework is set weekly and is based around exam questions. End of topic Kerboodle Checkpoint Assessment quizzes or written assessment. | Preventing and Treating Disease Literacy: Extended answer practise Numeracy: Key links to other units: Year 7 – Cells Year 8 – Healthy Living Year 10 Communicable disease |

| B7 Non- Communicable Diseases | Why are antibiotics and painkillers different? How are drugs discovered and developed? Non-Communicable Diseases In this biology topic students learn about diseases and conditions that cannot be passed to others. What are non-communicable diseases? What are the risk factors for cancer and diabetes? | Non-Communicable Diseases Certain risk factors may make a person more susceptible to non-communicable diseases. Students need to know the difference between malignant and benign tumours and how they may be treated. Risk factors for cancer such as smoking are explored together with its effect on a foetus. Diet and exercise levels are closely linked with diabetes. Alcohol, other carcinogens and radiation can cause damage to cells. Key Skills Linking risks to diseases and exploring whether risk factors are causal or not. | Non-Communicable Diseases Homework is set weekly and is based around exam questions. End of topic Kerboodle Checkpoint Assessment quizzes or written assessment. | Non-Communicable Diseases Literacy: Extended answer practise Numeracy: Key links to other units: Year 7 – Cells Year 8 – Healthy Living Year 10 – Cells and microscopes Year 10 - Non-communicable disease Year 10 – Preventing and treating disease |
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| C3 Structure and Bonding | Structure and Bonding Students learn how atoms can combine • How do atoms form molecules? • What are giant ionic and metallic structures and nanoparticles? | Structure and Bonding Review the structure of ionic compounds. Review the periodic table and formation of ions. Draw diagrams showing how the atoms interact. Describe and explain how nanoparticles can be sued. | Structure and Bonding Homework is set weekly and is based around exam questions. End of topic Kerboodle Checkpoint Assessment quizzes or written assessment. | Structure and Bonding Literacy: Extended answer practise Numeracy: Key links to other units: Year 7 – Atoms, elements, compounds Year 8 – Periodic table |

| | | Key Skills • Draw dot cross diagrams to show covalent bonding. | | Year 9 – Atomic structure Year 10 – Chemical calculations Year 10 – Organic reactions |
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| At the end of Term 1 | l, students will sit an 'end of to | erm' exam spanning all topics covered so fa | ſ. | |
| Year 10 - Term 2 | | | | |
| C4 Chemical Calculations | Chemical Calculations Students learn a new unit of measurement, the mole • What are relative masses and moles and how can they be determined? • How do we express concentrations? | Chemical Calculations Review relative molecular mass Key skills Balance equations and use these to calculate the masses of reactants and products Apply the formula for calculating concentration | Chemical Calculations Homework is set weekly and is based around exam questions. End of topic Kerboodle Checkpoint Assessment quizzes or written assessment. | Chemical Calculations Literacy: Extended answer practise Numeracy: Calculating RAM Calculating molar quantities Calculating concentrations Key links to other units: Year 7 – Particles Year 8 – Periodic Table Year 9 – Atomic structure Year 9 – Periodic table Year 10 – Structure and bonding |
| C6 Electrolysis | Electrolysis In this short chemistry topic we will look at: • How can substances be separated using electrolysis? | Electrolysis Review the structure of ionic compounds. Explain the electrolysis of molten compounds. Investigate and explain the electrolysis of aqueous solutions. Write half equations to describe electrolysis. Metal Extraction Review the reactivity of the group 1 metals. | Electrolysis Homework is set weekly and is based around exam questions. End of topic Kerboodle Checkpoint Assessment quizzes or written assessment. | Electrolysis Literacy: Extended answer practise Numeracy: Key links to other units: Year 7 – Particles Year 9 – Atomic structure Year 9 – Periodic table Year 10 – Structure and bonding |

| | | Recall the reactivity series. Describe displacement, oxidation and reduction reactions. Explain how metals can be extracted by reduction. Describe new methods of extracting metals. Key skills Carry out a practical investigation using a dissolved salt to extract a metal | | |
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| P2 Energy Transfer by Heating | Energy Transfer by Heating In this physics topic we will look at ways in which thermal energy is transferred: • What are the similarities and differences between conduction, convection and radiation? • Which factors affect thermal energy transfer? • What is specific heat capacity? | Energy Transfer by Heating Review energy and how it cannot be created or destroyed, only transferred. Investigate heat loss and how this can be reduced used thermal insulators. Apply the equation for specific heat capacity. | Energy Transfer by Heating Homework is set weekly and is based around exam questions. End of topic Kerboodle Checkpoint Assessment quizzes or written assessment. | Energy Transfer by Heating Literacy: Extended answer practise Numeracy: Calculating Calculating molar quantities Calculating concentrations Key links to other units: Year 8 – Energy Year 9 – Energy resources |
| C7 Energy Changes | Energy Changes In this topic students focus on why chemical reactions happen and how these rates of reaction can be altered: • What causes reactions to happen? | Energy Changes Review why chemical reactions take place Carry out investigations that explore how concentration affects reaction rate Discover how we can alter conditions in a reaction to achieve the required rate | Energy Changes Homework is set weekly and is based around exam questions. End of topic Kerboodle Checkpoint Assessment quizzes or written assessment. | Energy Changes Literacy: Extended answer practise Numeracy: Calculating bond energies Key links to other units: Year 7 – Particles Year 7 – Reactions |

| | How do temperature, concentrations, pressure and catalysts affect rate? What happens at equilibrium? | Evaluate the use of fuel cells (triple science only) Key skills Investigate variables that affect energy changes in a substance Identify exothermic and endothermic reactions from their energy profiles Investigate chemical cells (triple science only. | | Year 9 - Chemical changes Year 9 – Rates and equilibrium | | |
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| B8 Respiration | Respiration This biology topic looks at how organisms use glucose • What do mitochondria do? | Respiration Understand that respiration can take place with or without oxygen Describe how the liver removes poisonous substances from the body Key skills State the respiration equation. | Respiration Homework is set weekly and is based around exam questions. End of topic Kerboodle Checkpoint Assessment quizzes or written assessment. | Respiration Literacy: Extended answer practise Numeracy: Key links to other units: Year 7 – Cells Year 9 – Cell structure and function Year 9 – Respiration | | |
| B9 Photosynthesis | Photosynthesis This biology topic will look at how plants: • How do plants make glucose? • What are the reactants and products in photosynthesis? • How do plants use glucose? | Photosynthesis Look at structure within the plant that allow the organism to make glucose Rates of photosynthesis can be manipulated by altering conditions Key skills Carry out an investigation to understand factors affecting the rate of photosynthesis | Photosynthesis Homework is set weekly and is based around exam questions. End of topic Kerboodle Checkpoint Assessment quizzes or written assessment. | Photosynthesis Literacy: Extended answer practise Numeracy: Key links to other units: Year 7 – Cells Year 9 – Cell structure and transport Year 9 – Photosynthesis | | |
| At the end of Term 2 | At the end of Term 2, students will sit an 'end of term' exam spanning all topics covered so far. | | | | | |
| Year 10 - Term 3 P6 Molecules and Matter | Molecules and Matter This physics topic looks at how the arrangement of atoms determines a | Molecules and Matter States of matter are determined by the arrangement of particles | Molecules and Matter Homework is set weekly and is based around exam questions. | Molecules and Matter Literacy: Extended answer practise | | |

| | substance's state • What is density? • How does the energy in particle's affect state? What are the forces within substances and what energy is needed to change the state of a substance? | Energy changes within substances can cause a change of state and numerical values can be assigned to these changes Gas pressure is determined by random collisions and can be affected by temperature Key skills Measure the mass and volume of objects to determine density Apply the density calculation. Apply Boyle's law (triple science only). | End of topic Kerboodle Checkpoint Assessment quizzes or written assessment. | Numeracy: Calculating density Using graphs to show changes of state Key links to other units: Year 7 – Elements, atom, compounds Year 7 – Particles Year 9 – Atomic structure Year 10 – Energy changes |
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| P6 Radioactivity | Radioactivity This physics topic looks at the three types of radiation • Why do some substances emit radiation? • How did the discovery of atomic structure help our understanding of radioactive emission? | Radioactivity Some isotopes decay because they are unstable Emissions may be alpha, beta or gamma Radioactive emissions have different penetrating powers and travel different distances Radiation can be used in medicine Fission and the importance of nuclear reactors Key Skills Calculate radioactive decay using half-life | Radioactivity Homework is set weekly and is based around exam questions. End of topic Kerboodle Checkpoint Assessment quizzes or written assessment. | Radioactivity Literacy: Extended answer practise Numeracy: Calculating half-lives and time taken for a radioactive source to completely decay Key links to other units: Year 7 – Elements, atoms, compounds Year 7 – Particles Year 9 – Atomic structure |
| C12 Chemical Analysis | Chemical Analysis This chemistry topic looks at how properties of substances can be investigated. Chemical analysis What are formulations? | Chemical Analysis Pure substances have distinct melting and boiling points Elements burn with a specific flame colour Chemical tests can be carried out to determine the presence of gases and ions. | Chemical Analysis Homework is set weekly and is based around exam questions. End of topic Kerboodle Checkpoint Assessment quizzes or written assessment. | Chemical Analysis Literacy: Extended answer practise Numeracy: Key links to other units: Year 7 – Atoms, elements and compounds |

| | How can it be determined what is in a substance? | Chromatography can be used to analyse known and unknown substances Key skills Recall the tests for the presence of a variety of substances. Carry out investigations to identify substances. | | Year 8 – Periodic table Year 9 – Atomic structure |
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| C13 The Earth's Atmosphere | The Earth's Atmosphere This chemistry topic looks at how human actions affect the environment. How has earth's atmosphere changed over time? How are greenhouse gases linked with pollution and climate change? | The Earth's Atmosphere The atmosphere has changed over time to allow organisms to evolve Evidence points toward human activity being the cause of climate change Burning fossil fuels produces atmospheric pollutants. | The Earth's Atmosphere Homework is set weekly and is based around exam questions. End of topic Kerboodle Checkpoint Assessment quizzes or written assessment. | The Earth's Atmosphere Literacy: Extended answer practise Numeracy: Key links to other units: Year 7 – Atoms, elements, compounds Year 8 – Earth Year 10 – The Earth's resources. |
| B15 Genetics and Evolution | Genetics and Evolution This biology topic looks at how organisms have evolved over time • How has our understanding of genetics developed? • What have the theories of evolution been over time? • What can fossils tell us? • How do organisms become extinct? • Why do some bacteria become resistant to antibiotics? | Genetics and Evolution DNA carries genetic information There have been different theories of evolution, most notably Darwin Speciation involves isolation (triple science only) Fossils give us good evidence of evolution but the record is not complete Mass extinctions have affected many species Bacteria can evolve rapidly and this alters the effectiveness of our medicines We can classify animals according to their characteristics and more recently using DNA evidence and powerful microscopes. | Genetics and Evolution Homework is set weekly and is based around exam questions. End of topic Kerboodle Checkpoint Assessment quizzes or written assessment. | Genetics and Evolution Literacy: Extended answer practise Numeracy: Key links to other units: Year 7 – Cells Year 8 – Healthy Living Year 9 – Cell structure and transport Year 10 – Non-communicable diseases. |

| | How are organisms grouped? | | | | |
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| At the end of Term 3, students will sit an 'end of year' exam spanning all topics. | | | | | |